7.—Births (Exclusive of Stillbirths) by Sex, and Ratio of Males to Females, for Canada and by Provinces, 1924-30, with Averages for 1921-25 and 1926-30—concluded.

Nors.—For corresponding figures for 1921-25, see p. 165, Canada Year Book for 1927-28.

Province.	Total.	Males.		Females.		36.1
		Number.	Per cent of Total.	Number.	Per cent of Total.	Males to 1,000 Females.
Ontario	71,454	36,725	51 · 4	34,729	48-6	1,053
Av. 1926-30	68,703	35,268	51-3	33,435	48.7	1,053
1926	67,617	34,742	51.4	32,875	48.6	1,05
1927 1928	67,671 68,510	34,755 35,299	51·4 51·5	32,916 33,211	48·6 48·5	1,050 1,063
1929	68,458	35, 154	51.4	33.304	48.6	1,050
1930	71,263	36,392	51 1	34,871	48.9	1,04
Manitoba	16,590	8.443	50.9	8,147	49.1	1,030
Av. 1926-30	14,391	7,399	51 - 4	6,992	48.6	1,05
1926	14,661	7,598	5t · 8	7,063	48.2	1,07
1927	14,147	7,484	52.5	6,713	47.5	1,10
1928 1929	14,504 14,236	7,282 7,330	50·2 51·5	7,222 6,906	49·8 48·5	1,000 1,06
1929	14,411	7,353	51.0	7,058	49.0	1.04
Saskatchewan	21.580	11,119	51.5	10.461	48.5	1.06
Av. 1926-30	21,298	10,979	51.5	10,319	48.5	1.06
1926	20,716	10,651	51.4	10,065	48.6	1,05
1927	21,015	10,852	51.6	10,163	48.4	1,06
1928	21,261	10,983	51.7	10,278 10,444	48·3 48·7	1,06 1,05
1929 1930	21,446 22,051	11,002 11,407	51·3 51·7	10,644	48.8	1.03
Alberta Av. 1921-25	15.461	7.887	51.0	7,574	49.0	1.04
Av. 1926-30	15.924	8, 153	51.2	7,771	48.8	1,04
1926	14,456	7,410	51.3	7,046	48.7	1,05
1927	14,897	7,682	51.6	7,215	48-4	1,06
1928	15,692	8,091	51.6	7,601	48-4	1,06
1929	16,924	8,637	51.0	8,287	49.0	1,04 1,02
1930 British ColumbiaAv. 1921-25	17,649 10,256	8,944 5,310	50·7 51·8	8,705 4,946	49·3 48·2	1.07
Av. 1926-30	10,256	5,266	50.8	5.090	49.2	1.03
1926	10.063	5,168	51.4	4.895	48.6	î.ŏ
1927	10,084	5, 134	50.9	4,950	49-1	1,03
1928	10,385	5, 169	49.8	5,216	50.2	99
1929	10,378	5,292	51.0	5.086	49.0	1,04
1930	10,867	5,565	51.2	5,302	48∙8	1,05
Canada (Exclusive of the Territories). Av. 1926–30	236,520	121.552	51.4	114,968	48.6	1,05
Territories). Av. 1926-30	232.750	119.863	51.5	112,887	48.5	1.66
1927	234.188	129,655	51.3	113,533	48-5	1,06
1928	236,757	121.505	51.8	115,252	48-7	1,05
1929	235,415	120,891	51 4	114.524	48-6	1,05
1930	243,495	124,852	51.3	118, 543	48.7	1,05

Ages of Parents.—Table 8 shows the age distribution of married fathers and mothers in the years 1927-29. The fathers and mothers in each of these years are arranged according to age and then divided into four equal groups. Each point of age at which a separation comes is called a quartile. To obtain these points of age it is assumed that those in the same year of age are evenly distributed from its lower to its upper limit. In similar manner the deciles divide fathers or mothers in each year into ten equal groups.

In 1929 one-quarter of the married fathers were under 27.98 years of age, one-half under 32.89 years and three-quarters under 38.83 years. One-quarter of the married mothers were under 24.10 years of age, one-half under 28.53 years and three-quarters under 33.81 years. Nine-tenths of the fathers were under 44.11 years and nine-tenths of the mothers under 38.54 years. It will be noted that the general tendency of the quartile and decile points over the three years, while not very marked, is in a downward direction. The movement is clear for the lower age-points and more doubtful for the higher.